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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/821,248	03/30/2001	Kazuyuki Seki	205381US2	7128
22850	7590	04/10/2006	EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			YE, LIN	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2622	

DATE MAILED: 04/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 09/821,248	Applicant(s) SEKI ET AL.	
	Examiner Lin Ye	Art Unit 2622	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 March 2006.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 51-59 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 51-57 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 58 and 59 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114 filed on 3/22/06, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 2/21/06 has been entered.
2. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims 51-57 filed on 2/21/06 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Objections

3. Claim 58 recites the limitation "the read-out cell" in the 2nd last line. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Please change "the read-out cell" to -- the read-out target cell--.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claim 51-52 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parulski et al.

U.S. Patent 5, 633,678 in view of Prabhu et al. U.S. 7,019,778.

Referring to claim 51, the Parulski reference discloses in Figures 5-7, a recording medium (firmware memory 32a in the memory section 31, see Col. 5, lines 32-51) for storing a program executed by a computer (host computer) on an image input apparatus (camera) thereto through a transmission line (cable), the program comprising (See Figure 5, step 70-71): creating an image capture guide list (category) which is displayed on a screen of a display device (LCD 30, see Col. 6, lines 17-20) for said image input apparatus, and includes at least one of image titles that represent targets to be recorded and are used for shooting (e.g., creating categories can be considered as creating an image capture guide list, because user can select one or more categories as capture guide list for a plurality of images prior to capture, and the captured digital image data corresponding to the particular category selected by the user. The categories include one of image names as image titles, See, Figures 7, Col. 7, lines 23-44); and wherein the creating includes reading out the image capture date and time information from said image input apparatus connected to said computer and creating the image capture guide list as shown in Figure 8. However, the Parulski reference does not explicitly show the creating also includes reading out a manufacture's model identifier from said image input apparatus connected to said computer and creating the image capture guide list adequate for the model.

The Prabhu reference teaches in Figures 1A-B, 2, 3 and 4, a recoding medium for storing a program executed by a computer on an image input apparatus connected thereto through a transmission line, the program comprising: reading out a manufacture's model identifier (camera model number or types of hardware features that the digital camera can support) from said image input apparatus (digital camera 10) connected to said computer (40) (See Col. 5, lines 57-67 and Col. 6, lines 1-10); and creating the image capture guide list adequate for the model (e.g. selecting a feature firmware from CD-ROM disc 32 adequate for the camera model, see Col. 6, lines 13-20. The list firmware components are display in screen 53 that is available features for guiding to customize camera, such as customizing header text, image date format or titles, image sizes, red-eye elimination, flash add-on, etc., see Col. 7, lines 1-26). The Prabhu reference is evidence that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to see more advantages for creating the image capture guide list adequate for the camera model so that an appropriate image capture guide can be created or selected easily (See Col. 6, lines 11-30). For that reason, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to modify the system of Parulski ('678) by providing the creating also includes reading out a manufacture's model identifier from said image input apparatus connected to said computer and creating the image capture guide list adequate for the model as taught by Prabhu ('778).

Referring to claim 52, the Parulski and Prabhu references disclose all subject matter as discussed in respected to claim 51, and the Prabhu reference discloses wherein creating the image capture guide list includes reading out the manufacturer's model information from the header of the recorded file stored in said image input apparatus (e.g., the manufacture's

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model information is stored in the header of the recorded file of Flash EPROM 29 of digital camera 10, see Prabhu's Col. 6, lines 5-6) and creating the image capture guide list adequate for the model (See examiner comments from the claim 51).

6. Claim 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parulski et al. U.S. Patent 5, 633,678 in view of Prabhu et al. U.S. 7,019,778 and Endsley et al. U.S Patent 6,005,613.

Referring to claim 53, the Parulski and Prabhu reference discloses all subject matter as discussed in respected to claim 51, except that the Parulski reference does not explicitly show creating the image capture guide list adequate for each model using a table in which model ability information for each model of plural image input apparatuses is registered with respect to each of a plurality of manufacture's model identifiers.

The Endsley reference teaches in Figures 1-3, the computer (12) is connected to a camera (10); the computer creating the image capture guide list adequate for each model using a table in which model ability information (e.g., crop values, integration time, and Number of bits per sample, etc.) for each model of plural image input apparatuses is registered as shown in Table 2 and 3 (See Col. 7, lines 26-43). The Endsley and Matsumoto references are evidence that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to see more advantages for the system has more flexible options to either using a directory or table structure to create a image capture guide list for visually displaying to user. For that reason, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to modify the system of Parulski ('678) by providing using a table instead of a directory in which model ability information for each

model of plural image input apparatuses is registered with respect to each of a plurality of manufacture's model identifiers as taught by Endsley ('613).

7. Claim 54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parulski et al. U.S. Patent 5, 633,678 in view of Prabhu et al. U.S. 7,019,778 and Miyata U.S Publication 2005/0181774.

Referring to claim 54, the Parulski and Prabhu reference discloses all subject matter as discussed in respect to claim 51, and the Parulski reference discloses in Figures 5-7, a recording medium (firmware memory 32a in the memory section 31, see Col. 5, lines 32-51) for storing a program executed by a computer (host computer) on an image input apparatus (camera) thereto through a transmission line (cable), the program comprising (See Figure 5, step 70-71): creating an image capture guide list (category) which is displayed on a screen of a display device (LCD 30, see Col. 6, lines 17-20) for said image input apparatus, and includes at least one of image titles that represent targets to be recorded and are used for shooting (e.g., creating categories can be considered as creating an image capture guide list, because user can select one or more categories as capture guide list for a plurality of images prior to capture, and the captured digital image data corresponding to the particular category selected by the user. The categories include one of image names as image titles, See, Figures 7, Col. 7, lines 23-44); and wherein the creating includes displaying a input screen consisting of a plurality of cells (of one dimensional array of categories list); inputting an image title in one of the cells on the input screen; specifying at least one of the cell positions where image titles have been input; and creating an image capture guide list including the image title(s) on

the specified cell position(s) as shown in Figures 7 and 10. However, the Parulski reference does not explicitly show the input screen is a spreadsheet input screen consisting of a plurality of cells (e.g., two dimensional array cells).

The Miyata reference teaches in Figures 1, 2(e) and 3, an image input apparatus (7) connects a computer (control unit 1) thereto through a transmission line (See page 2, [0031]), a display unit (2) displaying a spreadsheet input screen consisting of a plurality of cells (two dimensional cells as 3x3 matrix, each captured image is pasted in the individual cell on the display, see page 2, [0032]); inputting an image title in one of the cells on the input screen (e.g., create a title image P5 and assigned a title, such as “tennis circle” in one of the cells on the input screen, see page 3, [0038]-[0039]); specifying at least one of the cell positions where image titles have been input as shown Figure 2). The Miyata reference is evidence that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to see more advantages for the system creating a image capture guide list (menu of the images associated with image title) includes displaying a spreadsheet input screen consisting of a plurality of cells so that the two dimensional display screen can efficiently display more desired image information for user easily and quickly selecting (See page 1, 0006]-[0007]). For that reason, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to modify the system of Parulski ('678) by providing a spreadsheet input screen consisting of a plurality of cells as taught by Miyata ('774).

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8. Claim 55 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parulski et al. U.S. Patent 5, 633,678 in view of Prabhu et al. U.S. 7,019,778 and Miyata U.S Publication 2005/0181774.

Referring to claim 55, the Parulski, Prabhu and Miyata references disclose all subject matter as discussed in respected to claims 51 and 54, and the Prabhu reference discloses a screen consisting a plurality of cells (icons) including a image title (See Col. 8-17) and a shooting instruction item (information setting of the camera, See page 8, lines 61-67) for this image title in respective cells on the input screen as shown in Figures 2 and 3 (See col. 9, lines 1-21).

9. Claims 56 and 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parulski et al. U.S. Patent 5, 633,678 in view of Prabhu et al. U.S. 7,019,778, Miyata U.S Publication 2005/0181774 and Kiyan et al. U.S. Patent 5,970,506.

Referring to claim 56, the Parulski, Prabhu and Miyata references disclose all subject matter as discussed in respected to claims 54. However, the Parulski reference does not explicitly show changing the size of at least a part of the cells on the input screen.

The Kiyan reference teaches in Figure 2-5, when a spreadsheet is displayed in displayed section and spreadsheet calculation is to be executed, the spreadsheet calculation determining a cell to be displayed in the fixed state and cells to be displayed as variable according a size of a display screen (see page 5, lines 25-48). The Kiyan reference is evidence that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to see more advantages for the system changing the size of at least a part of the cells on the spreadsheet input screen so that the cells are accommodated

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in the display range (See Col.2, lines 23-33). For that reason, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time to modify the system of Parulski ('678) by changing the size of at least a part of the cells on the input screen as taught by Kiyan ('506).

Referring to claim 57, the Parulski, Prabhu, Miyata and Kiyan references disclose all subject matter as discussed in respected with same comments to claims 54 and 56.

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 58-59 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome ***Claim Objections***, set forth in this Office action.

The prior art does not teach or fairly suggest displaying a spreadsheet type input screen consisting of a plurality of cells; and displaying an image title in the image capture guide list in one of the cells, reading out the size of a target cell in which the image recorded for the image title is to be pasted, changing the size of the recorded image to the size of the read-out target cell, and pasting the recorded image in the target cell, used in combination with all of the other limitations of the claim 58.

Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lin Ye whose telephone number is (571) 272-7372. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:00AM-5:00PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David L. Ometz can be reached on (571) 272-7593. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Lin Ye', with a stylized, flowing script.

Lin Ye
Primary Examiner
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April 5, 2006